HARRISON COLLEGE INTERNAL EXAMINATION 2012 CARIBBEAN ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAMINATION

SCHOOL BASED ASSESSMENT

PURE MATHEMATICS UNIT 2 - TEST 3[PREVIEW]

TIME: 1 Hour & 30 minutes

This examination paper consists of 2 printed pages. The paper consists of 8 questions. The maximum mark for this examination is 60.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your name clearly on each sheet of paper used.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Number your questions carefully and do **NOT** write your solutions to different questions beside one another.
- 4. Unless otherwise stated in the question, any numerical answer that is not <u>exact</u>, **MUST** be written correct to <u>three</u> (3) significant figures.

EXAMINATION MATERIALS ALLOWED

- 1. Mathematical formulae
- 2. Electronic calculator (non-programmable, non-graphical)

1.	A committee of 7 people is to be chosen at random from 18 volunteers.	
	(a) In how many different ways can the committee be chosen?	[2]
	The 18 volunteers consist of 5 people from St.Michael, 6 from St. Lucy and 7 from St. John. The committee is to be chosen randomly. Find the probability that the committee wil	1
	 (b) consist of 2 people from St.Michael, 2 from St.Lucy and 3 from St.John. (c) exactly 3 people from St.John . 	[3] [3]
2.	Each of the 8 letters of the word AARDVARK is printed on a separate card. The cards are arranged in a row.	
	(i) How many different arrangements of the letters are possible?	[3]
	(ii) In how many of these arrangements are the Rs together?	[2]
	The 8 cards are now shuffled and 2 cards are selected at random, without replacement.	
	(iii) Find the probability that at least one of these 2 cards has R printed on it.	[3]

- 3. The independent events A and B are such that P (A) = 0.5 and P(A ∪ B) = 0.9. Find
 (a) P(B).
 - (b) the probability that either A occurs or B occurs, but not both. [2]

[4]

- 4. (a) Express the complex number $\frac{(1+2i)^2}{7-i}$ in the form a+ib where *a* and *b* are real numbers. [4]
 - (b) Given that 1 i is the root of the equation $z^3 + z^2 4z + 6 = 0$, find the remaining roots. [4]

5. (i) Express
$$-\frac{1}{2} + i \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 in modulus argument form. [3]

(ii) Hence, by using de Moivre's theorem, find $\left(-\frac{1}{2}+i\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^3$ in the form a+ib. [3]

- 6. Sketch and describe the following loci in separate Argand diagrams
 - (i) |z+4| = |z-8i| [3]

(ii)
$$|z - 5 + 2i| = 5$$
 [3]

7. A system of equations is given by

$$x + y + z = 0$$

$$2x + y - z = -1$$

$$x + 2y + 4z = k$$

where k is constant.

(i)	Write the augmented matrix of the system.	[2]
(ii)	Reduce the augmented matrix to echelon form.	[3]
(iii)	Find the value of k for which the equations are consistent.	[2]
(iv)	For this value of k , find the general solution of these equations.	[4]

8. The matrix *A* is given by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & k & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the value of k for which A is singular.

[5]