SCHEME OF WORK CHECKLIST FROM SEPT 2016 - FORM 3: TERM I

TEXT: MATHEMATICS A COMPLETE COURSE WITH CXC QUESTIONS VOL. 1

1. ALGEBRA (III)

WEEK 1 & 2	 12. Use symbols to represent Binary Operations (other than the four basic ones) & perform simple computations with them. (p226 – 227) 	
	13. Use the Laws of Indices to manipulate expressions with <u>integral indices</u> (<i>include fractional / rational indices</i>) (p258 - 264)	
	14. Formulae (change of subject, <i>include roots & powers</i>). (Toolsie Vol.2, p744, Ex. 13c, Q76 - 134)	
WEEK 3 & 4	15. Use Linear Inequalities to solve word problems (p240 - 244; p252 - 254)	
	16. Solve Simultaneous Linear Equations in two unknowns algebraically (p244 - 248)	
	17. Use simultaneous linear equations to solve word problems (p254 - 258)	
WEEK 5 & 6	18. Represent Direct & Inverse Variations symbolically p296 - 300	
	19. Solve problems involving direct variation & inverse variation	
2. CONSUME	ER ARITHMETIC (III) (P166 - 169; 175 - 193; 197 - 209)	
WEEK 7 – 9	7. Calculate (for not more than 3 years)	
	Compound Interest	
	8. Solve problems involving measures & money (including exchange rate)	
	9. Solve problems involving	
	(a) Rates & Taxes (including Income Tax)(b) Investments	

3. MEASUREMENT (III) (p117 - 149)

WEEK 10 – 14	11. Calculate the length of an arc of a circle	
	12. Calculate the area of a sector of a circle	
	Use Hero's formula for the area of a triangle (Oxford Mathematics 4, p237, Q21)	
13. Solve p p47 - 5	problems using: (Bk 1 Mathematics for Caribbean Schools, 2 nd Edn., p95 - 102; 56)	;
the pr	operties of faces, edges & vertices of solids,	
(i) (ii (ii) Cylinder i) Sphere ii) Cone	
14. Calcula	ate the area of a segment of a circle	
15. Calcula	ate the surface area of solids	
	(a) Cylinder(b) Sphere(c) Cone	
16. Calcula	ate the volume of solids	
	(a) Cylinder(b) Sphere	
	(c) Cone	

SCHEME OF WORK CHECKLIST FROM SEPT 2016 - FORM 3 TERM II

<u>4. STATISTICS (III)</u> (p336 - 389)

WEEK 1 – 4	5. Differentiate between sample & population attributes – sample statistics & population parameters	
	6. Measurement scales – Nominal, Ordinal, Interval & Ratio	
	7. Differentiate between types of data:	
	Discrete & Continuous variables Ungrouped & Grouped data	
	8. Construct a Frequency Table for a given set of data:	
	Ungrouped Grouped data	
	9. Determine class features for a given set of data:	
	Max / Min Range Extreme values & their effect Class interval Class boundaries Class limits Class midpoint Class width	
	10. Represent numerical & statistical data by Histogram Frequency polygon	
	 Interpret data presented in any of the graphical or pictorial forms named in objective 10 above 	
	12. Determine measures of central tendency (mean, median & mode) for	
	Raw Ungrouped Grouped data (no median)	
	13. Determine when it is most appropriate to use as the average for a set of data Mean Median Mode	
	14. Determine the measures of dispersion /spread (e.g. Range, Interquartile & Semi-interquartile range), for	
	(i) Raw (ii) Ungrouped data.	

15. Analyze statistical data & diagrams, commenting on the
the Dispersion (Spread)
the Shape of the Frequency Distribution
effect of extreme values
16. Use standard deviation to compare sets of data. No calculation of the standard deviation is required.
17. Determine the Proportion or Percentage of the sample above or below a given value from Raw data or Table
18 . Identify the Sample Space for a simple experiment, <i>including the use of contingency tables</i>
19. Determine Experimental & Theoretical probabilities of simple events
20. Apply statistical methods to analyze data & make appropriate inference(s) from:
Raw data
Tables
Diagrams

5. RELATIONS, FUNCTIONS & GRAPHS (II) (p288 - 296; p304 - 313)

WEEK **5** – **7 2.** Explain concepts associated with relations:

Types of relations	
Examples & Non-examples	
Domain	
Range	
Image	
Co-domain	
3. Represent a relation in various ways:	
Set of Ordered Pairs	
Arrow diagrams	
Graphically	
Algebraically	
4. State the characteristics that define a Function:	
Many-to-one or One-to-one relation Examples & Non-examples	
5. Use the functional notations, for example, $f:x \to x^2$; or $f(x) = x^2$; as well as $y = f(x)$ for given domains (p294 - 296)	
6. Distinguish between a Relation & a Function:	
Ordered pairs	
Arrow diagrams	
Graphically (vertical Line Test)	

y = c; x = k; y = mx + c. where m, c & k are real numbers.	
8. Determine the Intercepts of the graph of linear functions:	
x- & y- intercepts; Graphically Algebraically	
9. Determine the Gradient of a straight line: slope - the ratio of the vertical rise to the horizontal shift (p304 - 310)	
WEEK 10 – 12 10. Determine the Equation of a line <i>using</i> :	
(a) the graph of the line	
(b) the co-ordinates of two points on the line	
(c) the gradient & one point on the line	
(d) the gradient of the line & its relationship to another line.	
 Solve problems involving the Gradient of Parallel & Perpendicular lines (p915 - 929) 	
12. Determine from the co-ordinates on a line segment:	
(a) the length(b) the co-ordinates of the mid-point	
13. Solve graphically a system of two linear equations in two variables (p313 - 3	319)

WEEK **8 & 9 7.** Draw & Interpret graphs of Linear Functions: (p280 - 282, p300 - 304)

SCHEME OF WORK CHECKLIST FROM SEPT 2015 – FORM 3 TERM III

6. GEOMETRY & TRIGONOMETRY (I)

WEEK **1** – **4 1.** Determine the (p540 - 571)

(1 (i) Sine i) Cosine
(i	ii) Tangent ratios of acute angles in a right-angled triangle
2. Use	the
(i (i) Sine i) Cosine
(i	ii) Tangent ratios in the solution of right-angled triangles
3. Use the	simple trigonometrical ratios to solve problems based on measures in physical world
(a) (b)	Heights & Distances Angles of Elevation & Depression
4. Repr wit	resent the relative position of two points given the Bearing of one point h respect to the other (include Cardinal points)
5. Dete posit	rmine the Bearing of one point relative to another point given the ion of the points
	a mahlama involving Daaringa

WEEK **5** – REVISION EXERCISES, TESTS & PAST PAPERS